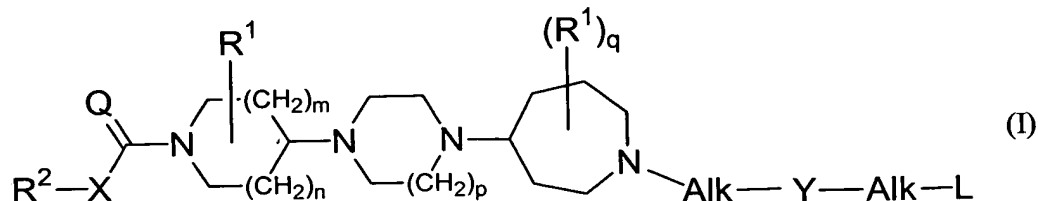


CLAIMS

1. A compound according to the general Formula (I)

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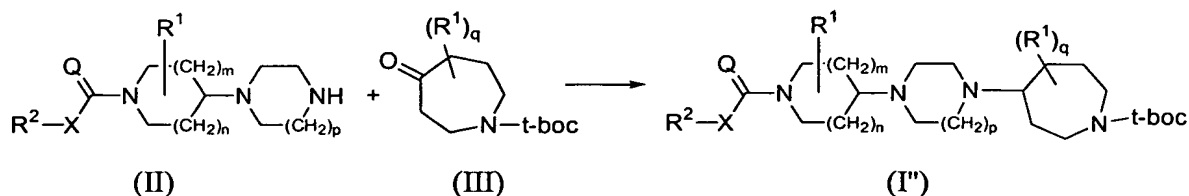
the pharmaceutically acceptable acid or base addition salts thereof, the stereochemically isomeric forms thereof, the *N*-oxide form thereof and prodrugs thereof, wherein :

- n is an integer, equal to 0, 1 or 2;
- 10 m is an integer, equal to 1 or 2, provided that if m is 2, then n is 1;
- p is an integer equal to 1 or 2;
- q is an integer equal to 0 or 1;
- Q is O or NR³;
- X is a covalent bond or a bivalent radical of formula -O-, -S- or -NR³-;
- 15 each R³ independently from each other, is hydrogen or alkyl;
- each R¹ independently from each other, is selected from the group of Ar¹, Ar¹-alkyl and di(Ar¹)-alkyl;
- R² is Ar², Ar²-alkyl, di(Ar²)alkyl, Het¹ or Het¹-alkyl;
- Y is a covalent bond or a bivalent radical of formula -C(=O)-, -SO₂-
- 20 >C=CH-R or >C=N-R, wherein R is H, CN or nitro ;
- each Alk represents, independently from each other, a covalent bond; a bivalent straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon radical having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms; or a cyclic saturated or unsaturated hydrocarbon radical having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; each radical optionally
- 25 substituted on one or more carbon atoms with one or more alkyl, phenyl, halo, cyano, hydroxy, formyl and amino radicals;
- L is selected from the group of hydrogen, alkyl, alkyloxy, Ar³-oxy, alkyloxycarbonyl, mono- and di(alkyl)amino, mono- and di(Ar³)amino, Ar³, Ar³carbonyl, Het² and Het²carbonyl;
- 30 Ar¹ is phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, each independently from each other, selected from the group of halo, alkyl, cyano, aminocarbonyl and alkyloxy;

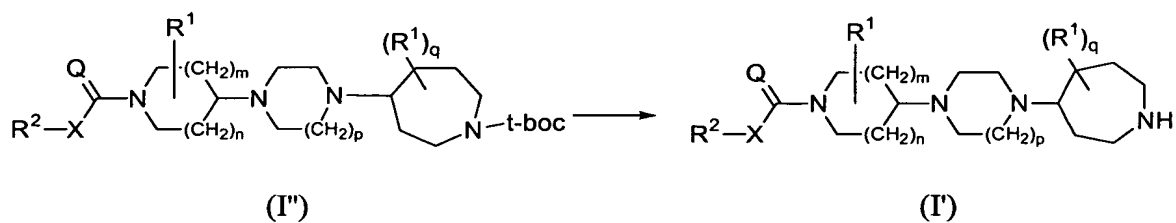
- Ar² is naphthalenyl or phenyl, each optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, each independently from each other, selected from the group of halo, nitro, amino, mono- and di(alkyl)amino, cyano, alkyl, hydroxy, alkyloxy, carboxyl, alkyloxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl and mono- and di(alkyl)aminocarbonyl;
- Ar³ is naphthalenyl or phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, each independently from each other, selected from the group of alkyloxy, alkyl, halo, hydroxy, pyridinyl, morpholinyl, pyrrolidinyl, imidazo[1,2-*a*]pyridinyl, morpholinylcarbonyl, pyrrolidinylcarbonyl, amino and cyano;
- Het¹ is a monocyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the the group of pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, furanyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl and pyridazinyl; or a bicyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the group of quinolinyl, quinoxalinyl, indolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzofuranyl and benzothienyl; each heterocyclic radical may optionally be substituted on any atom by a radical selected from the group of halo and alkyl;
- Het² is a monocyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the group of pyrrolidinyl, dioxolyl, imidazolidinyl, pyrrazolidinyl, piperidinyl, morpholinyl, dithianyl, thiomorpholinyl, piperazinyl, imidazolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, 2H-pyrrolyl, pyrrolinyl, imidazolinyl, pyrrazolinyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, triazolyl, furanyl, thienyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl and triazinyl; or a bicyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the group of benzopiperidinyl, quinolinyl, quinoxalinyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, chromenyl, benzimidazolyl, imidazo[1,2-*a*]pyridinyl, benzoxazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzofuranyl and benzothienyl; each radical optionally substituted with one or more radicals selected from the group of Ar¹, Ar¹ alkyl, halo, hydroxy, alkyl, piperidinyl, pyrrolyl, thienyl, oxo, alkyloxy, alkyloxyalkyl and alkyloxycarbonyl; and
- alkyl is a straight or branched saturated hydrocarbon radical having from 1 to 6 carbon atoms or a cyclic saturated hydrocarbon radicals having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; optionally substituted on one or more carbon atoms with one or more radicals selected from the group of phenyl, halo, cyano, oxo, hydroxy, formyl and amino.

2. A compound according to claim 1, characterized in that
- n is 1;
- m is 1;
- 5 p is 1;
- q is 0;
- Q is O;
- X is a covalent bond;
- each R¹ is Ar¹ or Ar¹-alkyl;
- 10 R² is Ar²;
- Y is a covalent bond or a bivalent radical of formula -C(=O)- ;
- each Alk represents, independently from each other, a covalent bond
- L is selected from the group of hydrogen, alkyloxy, Ar³ and Het²;
- Ar¹ is phenyl;
- 15 Ar² is phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 alkyl radicals;
- Ar³ is phenyl, optionally substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents, each independently from each other, selected from the group of alkyl and halo;
- Het² is a monocyclic heterocyclic radical selected from the group of pyrazolyl, furanyl and isoxazolyl, each radical optionally substituted with one or more
- 20 alkyl radicals; and
- alkyl is a straight hydrocarbon radical having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, optionally substituted with one or more halo radicals.
3. A compound according to any of claims 1-2, characterized in that R¹ is Ar¹methyl and attached to the 2-position or R¹ is Ar¹ and attached to the 3-position.
- 25 4. A compound according to any of claims 1-3, characterized in that the R²-X-C(=Q)-moiety is 3,5-di-(trifluoromethyl) phenylcarbonyl.
- 30 5. A compound according to any of claims 1-4, characterized in that p is 1.
6. A compound according to any of claims 1-5, characterized in that Y is -C(=O)-.
7. A compound according to any of claims 1-6, characterized in that Alk is a covalent
- 35 bond.
8. A compound according to any of claims 1-3, characterized in that L is Het².

9. A compound select from the group of compounds with compound number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 as mentioned in Table 1.
11. A compound according to any one of claims 1-10 for use as an orally active, central penetrating medicine.
12. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 11 for the manufacture of a medicament for treating tachykinin mediated conditions.
13. The use of a compound according to claim 1-11 for the manufacture of a medicament for treating schizophrenia, emesis, anxiety, depression, irritable bowel syndrome (IBS), circadian rhythm disturbances, pain, neurogenic inflammation, asthma, micturition disorders such as urinary incontinence and nociception.
14. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and, as active ingredient, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1- 9.
15. A process for preparing a pharmaceutical composition as claimed in claim 14, characterized in that a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is intimately mixed with a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in any one of claims 1-9.
16. A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula (I'') in which an intermediate compound of Formula (II) is reacted with an intermediate compound of Formula (III), wherein the radicals R^2 , X, Q, R^1 , m, n, p and q are as defined in claim 1.



17. A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula (I') in which a final compound of Formula (I'') is reductively hydrogenated, wherein the radicals R^2 , X, Q, R^1 , m, n, p and q are as defined in claim 1.



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18. A process for the preparation of a compound according to Formula (I') comprising the consecutive steps of
- 1) obtaining a compound of Formula (I'') according to claim 16 ;
 - 2) obtaining a compound of Formula (I') according to claim 17.